1) Formula domande sul quaderno come nell'esempio. Poi completa la risposta con il verbo BE

0- Janet/from Scotland? No/from Ireland

Is Janet from Scotland? No, she isn't. She is from Ireland

1- Your sisters / at home? No / at the cinema.

Are your sisters at home? No, they aren't. They are at the cinema.

2- That dog / a pitbull? No / a Rottweiler.

Is that dog a pitbull? No, it isn't. It is a Rottweiler.

3- You / afraid of spiders? No / afraid of snakes.

Are you afraid of spiders? No, I'm not. I'm afraid of snakes.

2) Completa con HAVE GOT nella forma affermativa, negativa o interrogativa a seconda dei casi.

- 1- Jimmy is a very good student. He HAS GOT only good marks.
- 2- "HAVE YOU GOT (you) a pet?" "No, I HAVEN'T."
- 3- My sisters HAVE GOT red hair, but I HAVE GOT brown hair.

3) Scrivi il plurale delle seguenti parole. Attenzione agli irregolari!

1- Coach → COACHES 6- Goose → GEESE

2- Game \rightarrow GAMES 7- Class \rightarrow CLASSES

3- Day \rightarrow DAYS 8- Leaf \rightarrow LEAVES

4- Berry → BERRIES 9- Child → CHILDREN

5- Child \rightarrow CHILDREN 10- Box \rightarrow BOXES

4) Scrivi in lettere i seguenti orari in entrambi i modi possibili

07:30 seven thirty / half past seven A.M. **8:35** eight thirty-five / thirty-five past eight A.M

18:25 six twenty-five/twenty-five past six P.M. **14:45** two forty-five / a quarter to three

12:00 twelve o'clock P.M. / midday 9:15 nine fifteen / a quarter past nine

5) Traduci la seguente descrizione

Margherita è giovane, ha 15 anni. Margherita is young, she is 15 years old.

È alta e di corporatura media. She is tall and medium build.

Ha i capelli neri, lunghi e lisci. She has got long, straight, black hair.

Ha gli occhi grandi e azzurri. She has got big, blue eyes.

È gentile e amichevole, ma è timida. She is kind and friendly, but she is shy.